Risk assessment is a systematic general examination of working conditions, workplace activities and environmental factors that will enable the Parish Council to identify any and all potential inherent risks. The Parish Council, based on a recorded assessment, will take all practical and necessary steps to reduce or eliminate the risks, insofar as is practically possible.

This document has been produced to enable Caversfield Parish Council to assess the risks that it faces and satisfy itself that it has taken adequate steps to minimise them. See the end of the document to calculate the risk prioritisation.

## FINANCIAL AND MANAGEMENT

Subject	Risk(s) identified	Likelihood (1-3) x Impact (1-3)	Management/control of Risk	Review/Assess/Revise
Precept	Adequacy of precept in order for the Council to carry out its Statutory duties	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	To determine the precept amount required, the Council regularly receives budget update information.  At the precept meeting Council receives a budget report, including actual position and projected position to the end of year and indicative figures or costings obtained by the Clerk. With this information the Council maps out the required monies for standing costs and projects for the following year and applies specific figures to budget headings, the total of which is resolved to be the precept amount to be requested from Cherwell District Council. The figure is submitted by the Clerk in writing.	Existing procedure adequate

Subject	Risk(s) identified	Likelihood (1-3) x Impact (1-3)	Management/control of Risk	Review/Assess/Revise
			The Clerk informs the Council when the monies are received.	
Budget Provision and Reserves	Insufficient available funds	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	A full budget needs to be submitted to the Council prior to the Precept request. This should include funds placed in reserve for future projects, a contingency fund and three months' running costs.	
Financial Records	Inadequate records	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Council has Financial Regulations which sets out the requirements.	Existing procedure adequate
	Financial irregularities	$(1 \times 3) = 3$		Review the Financial regulations at least every other year and when legislation dictates.
Bank and banking	Inadequate checks	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Council has Financial Regulations which set out banking requirements.	Existing procedure adequate
	Bank mistakes	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	Monthly reconciliation.	Existing procedure adequate
	Cheque mistakes	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	Cheques to be written by the Clerk following inspection of the invoices and signed by two Councillors on production of the Payment Schedule agreed at the PC Meeting. Cheque, cheque counterfoil, invoice and schedule to be signed or initialled.	Existing procedure adequate
	Online banking	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	An online payment procedure has been agreed.	Online Payment Procedure reviewed on an annual basis in May.

Subject	Risk(s) identified	Likelihood (1-3) x Impact (1-3)	Management/control of Risk	Review/Assess/Revise
	Signatories  (1 x 1) = 1  To ensure that payments can be made in a timely manner, Council to confirm bank signatories and electronic banking authorisers (signatories do not necessarily have to be authorisers) are up to date.  There should be at least three Councillors canable of authorising online payments.		timely manner, Council to confirm bank signatories and electronic banking authorisers (signatories do not necessarily have to be authorisers) are up to date.	Review annually in May.
	Credit references	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Bank performs credit references on cheque signatories	Existing procedure adequate.
Reporting and auditing	Information communication	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	Financial information is a regular agenda item (Finance Report) and discussed/reviewed and approved at each meeting.	Existing procedures adequate.
Grants	Receipt of grant	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	Parish Council receives the grass cutting grant from OCC. Clerk to ensure received by August.	Existing procedures adequate.
Charges-rents receivable	Payment of rents	0	The Parish Council receives no rents.	
Grants and support payable	Power to pay Authorisation of Council to pay	(1 x 1) = 1	All such expenditure goes through the required Council process of approval, minuted and listed accordingly if a payment is made using S137 recommended limits and the General Power of Competence.	Existing procedure adequate.

Subject	Risk(s) identified	Likelihood (1-3) x Impact (1-3)	Management/control of Risk	Review/Assess/Revise
Best value accountability	Work awarded Incorrectly Overspend on services	$(1 \times 2) = 2$ $(1 \times 2) = 2$	Normal Parish Council practice would be to seek, if possible, more than one quotation for any substantial work to be undertaken. For major work competitive tenders would be sought. If problems encountered with a contract the Clerk would investigate the situation and report to the Council.	Existing procedure adequate.  Procedure in Financial Regulations adequate.
Salaries and assoc. costs	Salary paid incorrectly	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	Salary agreed once NALC briefing has been published. Salary paid by monthly Standing Order.	Existing procedure adequate.
	Unpaid Tax to Inland Revenue	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	Clerk is not currently liable for tax, but if it were necessary to pay an amount, it would be flagged up in the HMRC RTI Tools software and on the HMRC portal as needing paying.	Existing procedure adequate.
Employees	Fraud by staff	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	Requirements of Fidelity Guarantee insurance adhered to with regards to fraud.	Existing procedures adequate.
	Health and safety	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	All employees (currently the Clerk) to be provided adequate direction and safety equipment needed to undertake their roles.	Monitor health and safety requirements and insurance annually.
	Clerk resignation / sickness	$(1 \times 3) = 3$	Councillors may act in a temporary capacity at nil pay. Contingency required for advertising, sickness cover etc	Include contingency in budget for future years.

Subject	Risk(s) identified	Likelihood (1-3) x Impact (1-3)	Management/control of Risk	Review/Assess/Revise
VAT	Reclaiming/charging	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Council has Financial Regulations which set out the requirements.	Existing procedures adequate.
Annual Return	Submit within time limits	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	Employers Annual Return is completed and submitted online with the prescribed time frame by the Clerk.	Existing procedures adequate.
	Submit within time limits	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	External Audit Annual Return completed and signed by the Internal Auditor and then completed and signed by the Chairman and Clerk / RFO before 30 June and published on the website.  If the PC payments and receipts fall below £25,000 the PC may agree that there is no	Existing procedures adequate.
			need for a Limited Assurance Review and that Exemption is acceptable; the Certificate of Exemption must be completed and sent to the External Auditor by 30 June.	
			All paperwork must still be completed and published whether or not it is sent to the External Auditor.	
			The PC may still have a Limited Assurance Review and the paperwork must be completed and sent to the External Auditor	

Subject	Risk(s) identified	Likelihood (1-3) x Impact (1-3)	Management/control of Risk	Review/Assess/Revise
			and published on the website in the usual way.	
	Public Inspection of Documents	(1 x 1) = 1	By appointment only, at the MoD Police House, or other convenient public place. For the safety of the Clerk, the Public are welcome to inspect documents, but with a Councillor present. Annual Inspection dates Notice must be for 30 working days and cover the first 10 working days of July.	Existing procedures adequate.
Legal Powers	Illegal activity or payments	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	All activity and payments within the powers of the Parish Council to be resolved at full Council Meetings, including reference to the power used (if appropriate) within the Finance Report section of the agenda.	Existing procedures adequate.
Minutes/agendas/ Notices Statutory Documents	Accuracy and legality	(1 x 2) = 2	Minutes and agenda are produced in the prescribed manor by the Clerk and adhere to the legal requirements including publishing on the Agenda and Minutes section of the Parish Council website (caversfieldpc.org.uk).  Minutes are approved and signed at the	Existing procedures adequate.
	Standing Orders	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	next Council meeting.  NALC model adopted in November 2018 and reviewed bi-annually.	

Subject	Risk(s) identified	Likelihood (1-3) x Impact (1-3)	Management/control of Risk	Review/Assess/Revise
	Financial Regulations	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	NALC model adopted in September 2019 and reviewed bi-annually.	
	Business conduct	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	Agenda displayed according to legal requirements.	Members adhere to Code of Conduct.
			Business conducted at Council meetings should be managed by the Chairman.	
Councillors	Losing a Councillor	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	When a vacancy arises there is a legal process to follow which leads to either a by-election or a co-option process. The more usual is a co-option which starts with an advert, acceptance of applications, consideration of applicants and co-option vote at a Council meeting. The Council tries to draw members from around the Parish to make sure each area is represented.	Existing procedures adequate.
	Losing more than four Councillors to make the Council inquorate	$(1 \times 3) = 3$	If there are more than four vacancies at any one time, the Council becomes inquorate and the District Council will take over the running of the Council (at the Village's expense).	Procedures of Cherwell District Council are adequate.
Election Costs	Risk of an election cost	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	Risk is higher in an election year, but there has never been an election in the village in living memory. However, this is no	Existing procedure is adequate for the four yearly elections but inadequate in

Subject	Risk(s) identified	Likelihood (1-3) x Impact (1-3)	Management/control of Risk	Review/Assess/Revise
		•	guarantee that it will not happen so the Council sets aside a sum each year to a maximum of £1,600 in case of an election.	the unlikely event of a by- election.
Members interests and Code of	Conflict of interests	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	Declarations of interest by members at Council meetings.	Existing procedures adequate.
Conduct	Code of Conduct	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	Code issued by CDC, adopted January 2023 and issued to each Councillor on election to office.	
	Register of members' interests	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	Register of members' interests forms reviewed regularly.	Members take responsibility to update register.
Insurance	Adequacy Cost Compliance	$(1 \times 2) = 2$ $(1 \times 2) = 2$ $(1 \times 2) = 2$	The insurance arrangements are reviewed fully on a three-year basis with interim annual checking. Review of risk and adequacy of cover (loss / damage, public liability, consequential loss and fidelity guarantee) should be conducted annually.	Existing procedure adequate. Insurance reviewed annually with full review of renewal costs every three years – next 2024.
	Public Liability (statutory)	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	Insured at £10,000,000	
	Employers' Liability (statutory)	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	Insured at £12,000,000	
	Fidelity Guarantee (or Employee Dishonesty in Schedule)	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	Insured at £500,000	
	Libel and Slander	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	Insured at £500,000	
	Personal Accident	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	Insured at £2,500	

Subject	Risk(s) identified	Likelihood	Management/control of Risk	Review/Assess/Revise
		(1-3) x		
		Impact (1-3)		
	Excess	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	£250 to be set aside as a Reserve in case of	
			claim.	
Data protection	Policy provision	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Parish Council is registered with the	Ensure annual renewal of
			Information Commissioner and has a Data	registration.
			Protection Policy (reviewed November	
			2022).	
			The renewal is paid annually by Direct	
			Debit.	
Freedom of	Policy	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Council has a Model Publication	Monitor any requests made
Information			scheme in place. To date there have been	under FOI.
			no requests under FOI.	
	Provision	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	The Parish Council is aware that if a	
			substantial request came in it could create a	
			number of additional hours work.	
Document	Policy	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Parish Council adopted a Document	Existing Policy adequate.
Retention			Retention Policy in October 2022.	

## PHYSICAL EQUIPMENT OR AREAS

Subject	Risk(s) identified	Likelihood	Management/control of Risk	Review/Assess/Revise
		(1-3) x Impact (1-3)		
Assets	Loss or damage	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	An annual review of assets is undertaken	Existing procedures
			for insurance provision.	adequate.
	Risk/damage to third	$(1 \times 1) = 1$		Existing procedures
	party(ies) property			adequate.
Maintenance	Poor performance of	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	All assets owned by the Parish Council are	Existing procedures
	assets or amenities		regularly reviewed and maintained. All	adequate.
			repairs and relevant expenditure for any	
			repair is actioned/authorised in accordance	
			with the correct procedures of the Parish	
			Council. Assets are insured.	
Notice Board	Risk of damage	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Parish Council currently has five notice	Existing procedures
			boards which are insured. The Clerk checks	adequate.
			them when posting notices.	
Street Furniture	Risk of damage	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Parish Council is responsible for one	Existing procedure adequate.
			bus shelter, 2 benches, 4 dog bins and 2	
			litter bins. A programme of inspections is	
			carried out, and all interim reports of	
			damage or faults are reported to the Council	
			and dealt with.	
Old School Close	Risk of Damage	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Parish Council is responsible for the	Existing procedure adequate.
			open area of land in Old School Close. A	
			professional inspection needs to be	
			undertaken on the trees.	
	Health and Safety	$(1 \times 2) = 2$		

Subject	Risk(s) identified	Likelihood (1-3) x Impact (1-3)	Management/control of Risk	Review/Assess/Revise
Meeting locations	Adequacy	$(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Parish Council meeting is held in a venue considered to have appropriate facilities for the Clerk, members and the general public.	Existing procedures adequate.
	Health and Safety	$(1 \times 2) = 2$		
Council records – paper	Loss through: Theft Fire damage	$(1 \times 1) = 1$ $(1 \times 2) = 2$ $(1 \times 1) = 1$	The Parish Council records are stored at the home of the Clerk and at the County Archive in Oxford. Records include historical correspondences, minutes, insurance, bank records.	Damage (apart from fire) and theft is unlikely and so provision is adequate.
Council records – electronic	Loss through: Theft, fire damage	$(1 \times 2) = 2$	The Parish Council electronic records are stored on the Clerk's laptop held with the Clerk at her home. The data is constantly backed up to OneDrive in the Cloud and a physical backup is taken regularly. Sophos Antivirus software is also used.	Existing procedures considered adequate.
	or corruption of computer	$(1 \times 2) = 2$		

Previously adopted at a meeting on 17 May 2023

Minute Reference 17/5/23 12. d.

To be revised April 2024

## **Risk Prioritisation**

Risk prioritisation is an assessment of the severity of impact if something were to happen and how likely it is to happen Likelihood x Impact = Risk Priority

How Likely	High	3	6	9		
	Medium	2	4	6		
	Low	1	2	3		
		Negligible	Significant	Critical		
	Impact					